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(54) Title: A MOUSETRAP			
(57) Abstract			
<p>A trap for mice or the like animal comprises a spring-loaded displacement member (17) supported by a frame (10) with an opening for the receiving of the head of the animal. The displacement member (17) is connected to the frame (10) by means of a securing line (27) extending within reach for the animal in the frame (10) inside the opening (22). The frame (10) is formed in one piece and comprises a front wall (12), in which the opening is placed and on the outside of which the displacement member (17) is arranged so as to be displaceable transverse to the opening (22). The displacement member (17) is spring-loaded by means of rubber bands (25 and 26) fastened to the frame (10) and protected on the front side of the front wall (12) by covering parts (15 and 16) formed integral with the frame. The frame (10) with the displacement member (17) is loosely placeable in a surrounding box with a closed rear wall, the opening (22) of the frame (10) facing an opening in the box.</p>			

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Title: A Mouse TrapTechnical Field

5 The invention relates to a trap for mice or the like animal and comprising a spring-loaded, releasable displacement member supported by a frame with an opening for the receiving of the head of the animal, said displacement member being connected to the frame by means
10 of a securing line extending within reach for the animal in the frame inside the opening.

Background Art

15 Traps of the above type are known which involve a difficult and to some persons a repulsive operation in removing the killed animal and resetting the trap. Other traps are relatively difficult to clean and hit the animal rather arbitrarily and sometimes with the effect
20 that the animal is not killed instantaneously. At worst, the animal is not killed at all.

Description of the Invention

25 The object of the invention is to provide a trap operating in a reliable manner while simultaneously being inexpensive to manufacture, whereby it is suited as a trap being disposable with the dead animal.

30 The trap according to the invention is characterised in that the frame is formed in one piece and comprises a front wall, in which the opening is placed and on the outside of which the displacement member is arranged so as to be displaceable transverse to the opening, that
35 the displacement member is spring-loaded by means of rubber bands or elastic bands fastened to the frame and protected on the front side of the front wall by covering parts formed integral with the frame, and that the

frame with the displacement member is loosely placeable in a surrounding box with a closed rear wall, the opening of the frame facing an opening in the box.

5 Such a trap is easy to manufacture and to set, and the frame with the displacement member is arranged inside the box together with a suitable bait. When an animal has been trapped, the entire trap can, if desired, be destracted or removed together with the animal without
10 involving substantial costs. On account of the opening for receiving the head of the animal and the ability of the displacement member to be displaced transverse to said opening when the animal gnaws the securing line in two in order to reach the bait, the animal is killed by
15 an exact stroke breaking its nake instantaneously. A sufficiently strong stroke is ensured by a suitable choice of rubber bands.

A particularly simple embodiment of the displacement
20 member is according to the invention ensured by said member being a straight bar of plastics with means for the fastening of the rubber bands at each end.

The displacement member may furthermore according to the
25 invention be formed integral with the securing line, and means may be provided for fastening the free end of the securing line to the frame, whereby the displacement member is fastened to the frame in a particularly easy manner during the mounting procedure. In this connection
30 it is particularly advantageous when the free end of the securing line according to the invention comprises an integrally formed expansion, and when the frame comprises a corresponding recess for the fastening of the securing line.

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In order to facilitate the fastening of a bait, means may according to the invention be formed integral with the frame.

Guide rails may according to the invention be provided on the front wall of the frame, said guide rails engaging corresponding grooves in the displacement member. As a result it is ensured that the displacement member 5 moves in the desired direction directly towards and transverse to the opening in the front wall.

According to the invention it is particularly preferred that the frame comprises a plane base plate supporting a 10 front wall-forming plate-shaped member with plate-shaped supporting walls formed perpendicular to said plate-shaped member and arranged on the back of the front wall.

15 Moreover according to the invention grooves may be provided on the bottom side of the base plate for receiving the rubber bands, and projections for the fastening of the rubber bands may be formed integral with the end of the base plate opposite the front wall and at the ends 20 of said grooves. As a result, the rubber bands are fastened in a particularly easy manner.

In addition according to the invention, the covering parts may be plate-shaped strips protruding upwardly in 25 front of the front wall and being permanently connected to the base plate, whereby said covering parts are particularly easy to manufacture.

Finally according to the invention, the covering parts 30 may form guides for the displacement member. In this manner it is ensured that the displacement member is always displaced in a direction parallel to the front wall.

35 Brief Description of the Drawings

The invention is described in greater detail below with reference to the accompanying drawing, in which

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a preferred embodiment of a box presenting the surrounding part of the trap according to the invention,

5 Fig. 2 is a side view of a preferred embodiment of a frame according to the invention with the associated parts ready for arrangement inside the box of Fig. 1 together with a suitable bait,

10 Fig. 3 is a top view of the embodiment of Fig. 2 with the front wall of the frame facing upwards,

Fig. 4 is a bottom view of the embodiment of Fig. 2 also with the front wall facing upwards, and

15 Fig. 5 is a front view of the embodiment of Fig. 2.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

20 The box of Fig. 1 is designated the general reference numeral 1 and is formed with a closed bottom or end wall 2 and 4 and side walls 3, 4, 5, and 6. An opening 7 is provided opposite the bottom, the frame of Figs. 2 to 5 being inserted through said opening into the box together with a suitable bait. Two opposing side walls 4 and 6 are shaped with ridges 8 and 9, respectively, facing towards the interior of the box 1 and ensuring that the frame and the associated parts remain inside the box in use. The box 1 is made of a suitable material, such

25 as cardboard or pasteboard.

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The frame of Figs. 1 to 5 is designated the general reference numeral 10 and comprises a base plate 11, on which a plate-shaped front wall 12 is formed in one piece and extends substantially perpendicular to said base plate 11. On the back, the front wall is supported by two angular supporting walls 13 and 14 formed integral with both said front wall 12 and the base plate 11

and extending perpendicular thereto. Two cover strips 15 and 16 are provided parallel to and in front of the front wall, said strips also being formed integral with the base plate at each end of the front wall 12.

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A bar 17 is displaceably arranged between the front wall 12 and the cover strips 15 and 16. The bar comprises two parallel guide tracks 18 and 19 on the side facing the front wall 12, said guide tracks engaging two parallel 10 guide rails 20 and 21 shaped integral with the front wall and extending perpendicular to the base plate 11. The guide rails extend from the upper rim of the front wall 12 to an opening 22 in the front wall, cf. Fig. 5. The opening 22 is dimensioned to receive the animals, 15 such as mice or rats, being the target of the trap. The opening is centrally arranged in the front wall 12 between the two cover strips 15 and 16.

The bar 17 is of a substantially square cross section in 20 its entire length apart from its ends where it comprises projections 23 and 24, respectively, for the fastening of their respective rubber band or their respective elastic band 25 and 26.

25 The bar 17 is retained in the position shown in the drawing at the top of the front wall 12 above the opening 22 by means of a securing line 27 shaped integral with said bar 17. At the end opposite the bar 17, the securing line 27 comprises an expansion or a knob 28 30 received in a corresponding recess 29, cf. Fig. 4, on the bottom side of the base plate 11 at the end opposite the cover strips 15 and 16. The securing line extends from the recess 29 upwards to the upper side of the base plate through a through opening 30 and from here upwards 35 to the bar 17. The opening 30 and the recess 29 are connected to the adjacent end of the base plate 11 through a slot 31 allowing a correct positioning of the line 27 with the expansion 29 received in the recess 29.

The rubber bands 25 and 26 extend from the bar 17 downwards along their respective side of the front wall 12 behind the cover strips 15 and 16 and through their respective recess 32 and 33, respectively, in the base 5 plate 11. From here the rubber bands extend to the rear rim 34 of the base plate 11, where they are fastened to their respective projection 35 and 36, respectively, permanently provided on the base plate 11. The cover strips 15 and 16 protect the rubber bands against the 10 attempts of the animals at gnawing them into two.

Grooves 37 and 38 may be shaped on the bottom side of the base plate 11, cf. the dotted lines in Fig. 4, for receiving the rubber bands 25 and 26. Fig. 4 shows the 15 frame 10 without rubber bands.

Two pointed projections 39 and 40 are furthermore provided on the rear rim of the base plate 11 for fastening the bait.

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The frame 10 and the bar 17 with the securing line are preferably made of a suitable plastic material and in a dimension matching the target animal of the trap. According to an embodiment for trapping mice, the frame is 25 suitably of a height of 45 mm and a width of 43 mm. The opening 22 is of a diameter of about 20 mm. The box 1 is correspondingly dimensioned and of a length of 10 cm. The rubber bands are suitably made of natural rubber and are band-shaped of a width of 7 mm and a folded length 30 of 35 mm, i.e. an endless band of a circumference of about 70 mm.

The frame 10 is easily set by the rubber bands 25 and 26 being fastened to the bar 17 and the projections 35 and 35 36, while the bar is placed at a level opposing the opening 22 between the front wall 12 and the cover strips 15 and 16. Then the bar 17 is pulled upwards so as to level with the top surface of the front wall 12,

where it is secured by the opposite end of the securing line being fastened in the recess 29 in the base plate 11. Now a suitable bait is placed on the pointed projections 28, and the ready frame is placed in the box 1.

5 The animal is attracted by the bait and sticks its head through the opening 22 whereafter it gnaws the securing line 27 into two in order to reach the bait. When the line 27 is broken, the bar is pulled towards the neck of the animal by a force of about 3 kp with the result that

10 the neck of the animal is broken instantaneously. The box and its contents can then be disposed or removed in another manner.

The invention has been explained with reference to a
15 preferred embodiment. Many modifications can, however, be performed without thereby deviating from the scope of the invention.

Claims..

1. A trap for mice or the like animal and comprising a spring-loaded, releasable displacement member supported by a frame with an opening for the receiving of the head of the animal, said displacement member being connected to the frame by means of a securing line extending within reach for the animal in the frame inside the opening, characterised in that the frame (10) is formed in one piece and comprises a front wall (12), in which the opening (22) is placed and on the outside of which the displacement member (17) is arranged so as to be displaceable transverse to the opening (22), that the displacement member (17) is spring-loaded by means of rubber bands or elastic bands (25 and 26) fastened to the frame (10) and protected on the front side of the front wall (12) by covering parts (15 and 16) formed integral with the frame, and that the frame (10) with the displacement member (17) is loosely placeable in a surrounding box (1) with a closed rear wall (2), the opening (22) of the frame (10) facing an opening (7) in the box (1).

2. A mouse trap as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the displacement member (17) is a straight bar of plastics with means (23 and 24) for the fastening of the rubber bands (25 and 26) at each end.

3. A mouse trap as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterised in that the displacement member (17) is formed integral with the securing line (27), and that means are provided for fastening the free end (28) of the securing line (27) to the frame (10).

4. A mouse trap as claimed in claim 3, characterised in that the free end (28) of the securing line (27) comprises an integrally formed expansion, and that the frame comprises a corresponding recess (29) for

the fastening of the securing line (27).

5. A mouse trap as claimed in one or more of the preceding claims 1 to 4, characterised in that
5 means (39 and 40) for fastening bait are formed integral with the frame (10).

6. A mouse trap as claimed in one or more of the preceding claims 1 to 5, characterised in
10 that guide rails (20, 21) are provided on the front wall (12) of the frame (10), said guide rails engaging corresponding grooves (18, 19) in the displacement member (17).

15 7. A mouse trap as claimed in one or more of the preceding claims 1 to 6, characterised in that the frame (10) comprises a plane base plate (11) supporting a front wall-forming plate-shaped member (12) with plate-shaped supporting walls (13, 14) formed perpendicular to said plate-shaped member and arranged on
20 the back of the front wall (12).

8. A mouse trap as claimed in claim 7, characterised in that grooves (37, 38) are provided on
25 the bottom side of the base plate (11) for receiving the rubber bands (25, 26), and that projections (35, 36) for the fastening of the rubber bands (25, 26) are formed integral with the end of the base plate (11) opposite the front wall (12) and at the ends of said grooves.

30 9. A mouse trap as claimed in claim 7 or 8, characterised in that the covering parts (15, 16) are plate-shaped strips protruding upwardly in front of the front wall (12) and being permanently connected to
35 the base plate (11).

10. A mouse trap as claimed in one or more of the preceding claims 1 to 9, characterised in

10

that the covering parts (15, 16) form guides for the displacement member (17).

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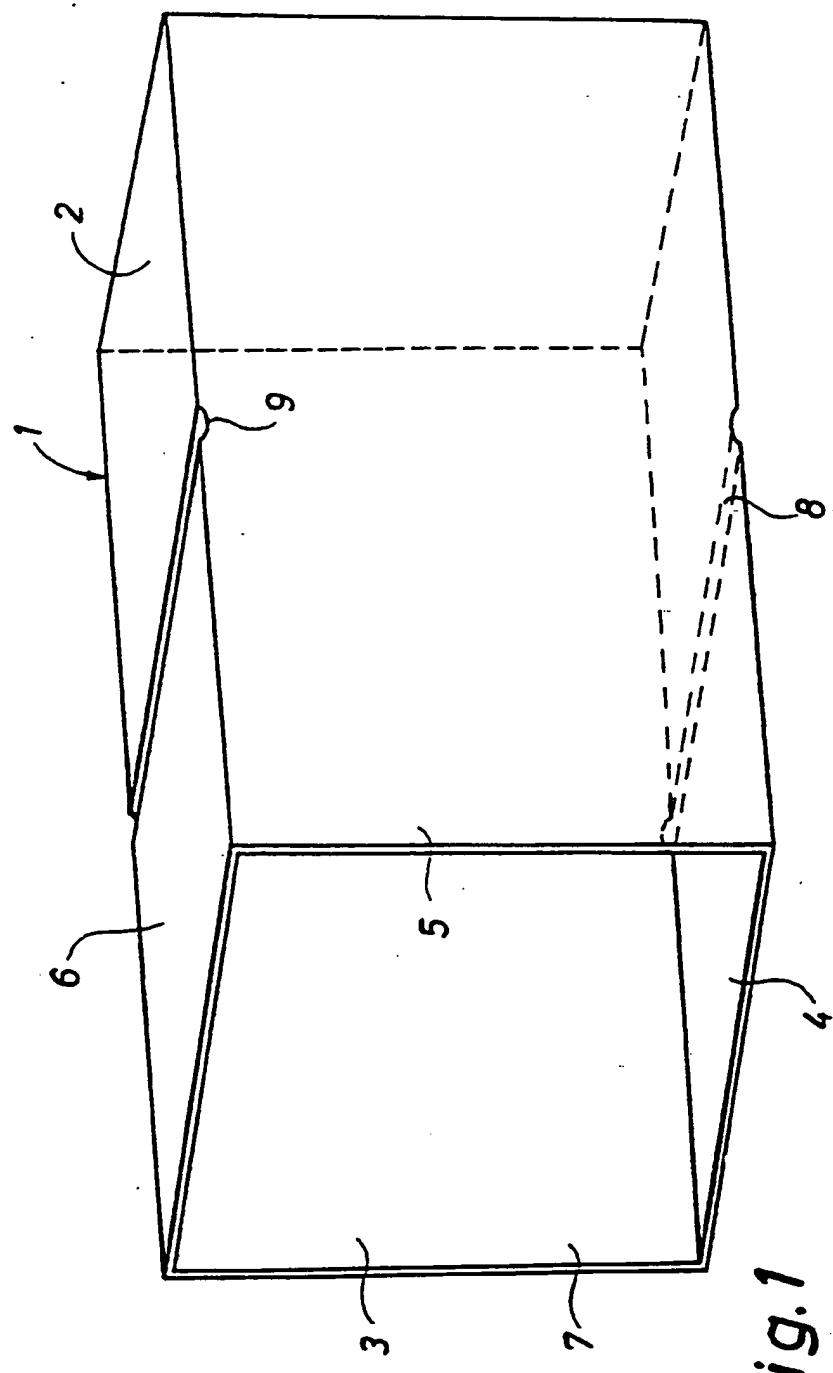


Fig. 1

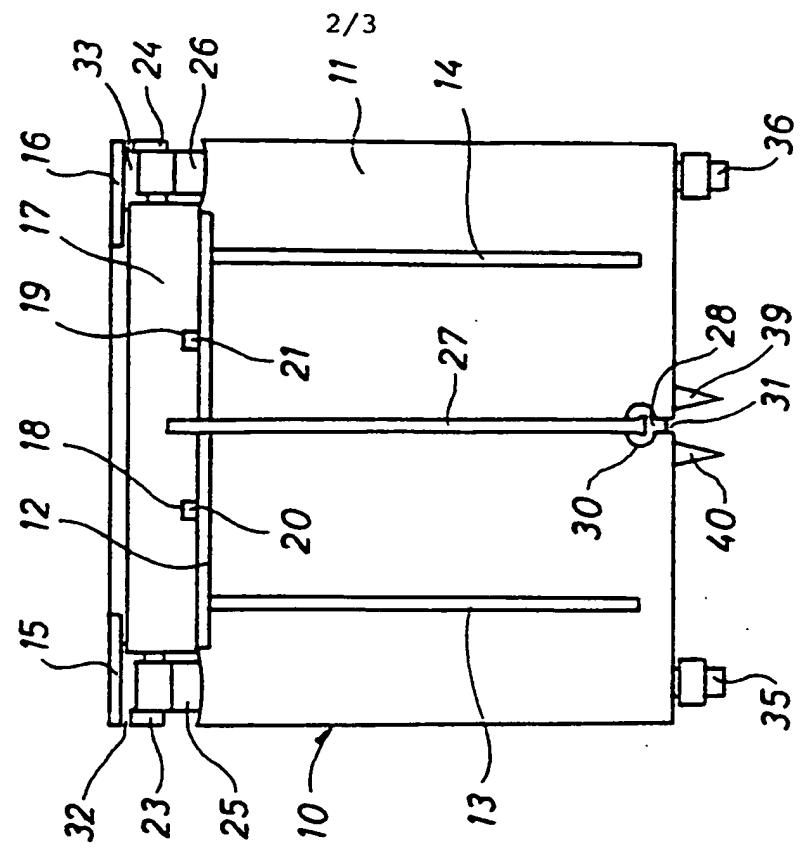


Fig. 3

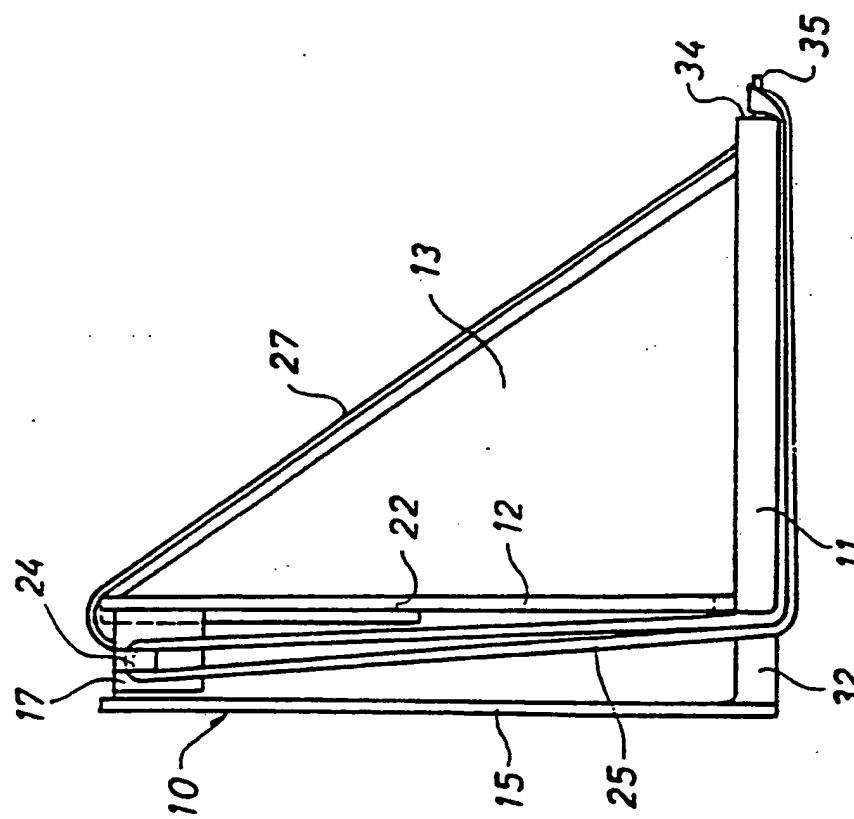


Fig. 2

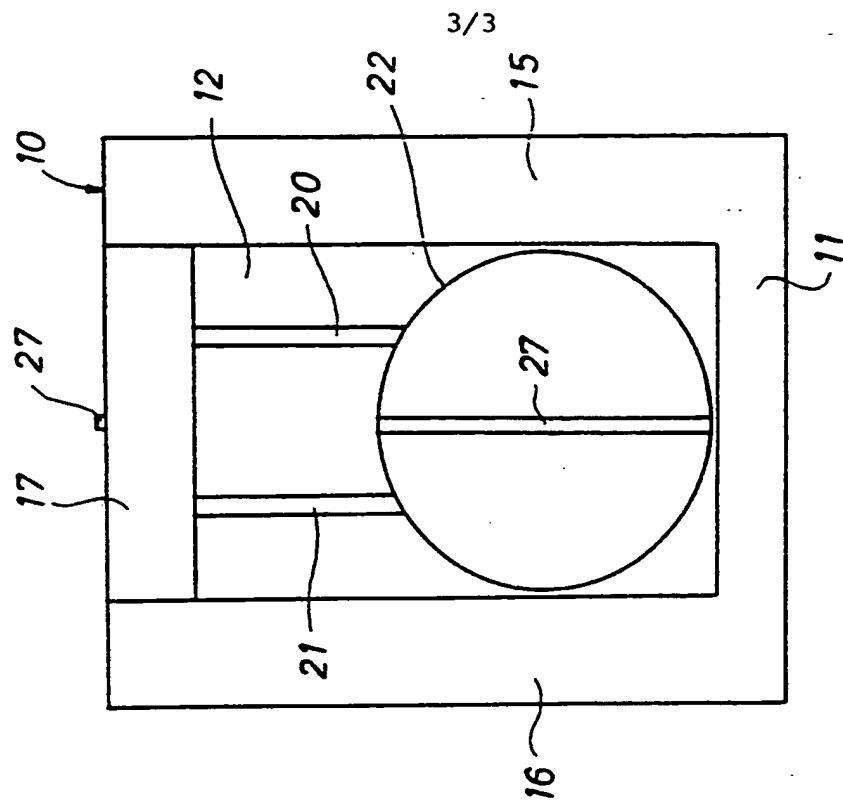


Fig. 5

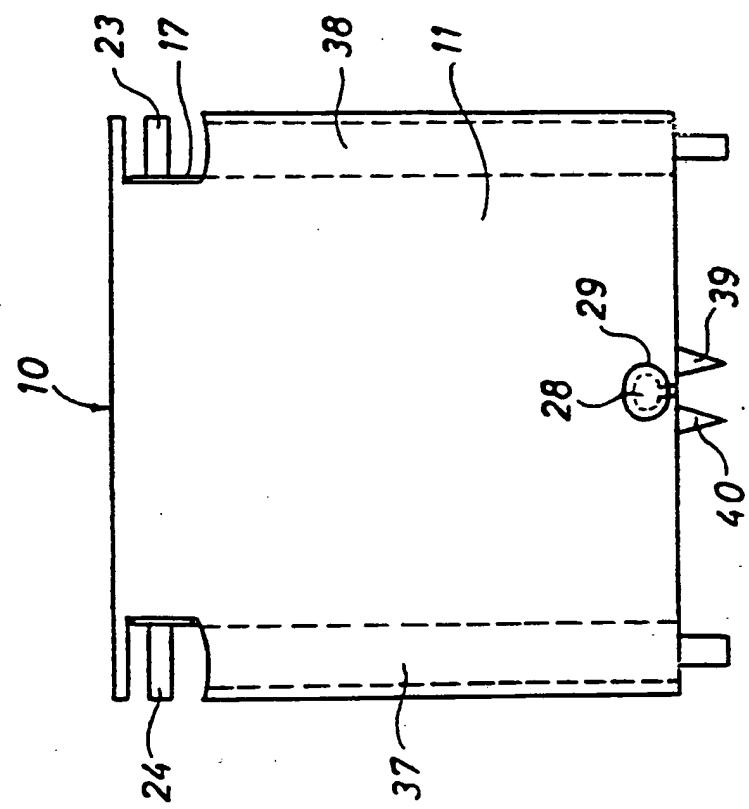


Fig. 6

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/DK 92/00294

I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several classification symbols apply, indicate all)⁶

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC
IPC5: A 01 M 23/20

II. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum Documentation Searched⁷

Classification System	Classification Symbols
IPC5	A 01 M

Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation
 to the Extent that such Documents are Included in Fields Searched⁸

SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above

III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT⁹

Category ¹⁰	Citation of Document ¹¹ with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages ¹²	Relevant to Claim No. ¹³
X	US, A, 4766692 (SHURDEN) 30 August 1988, see the whole document ---	1,2,6,7, 8
A	US, A, 4583317 (BEARD) 22 April 1986, see the whole document ---	3-7,9, 10
A	US, A, 4030230 (SOUZA) 21 June 1977, see column 1, line 64 - line 68 ---	1
A	US, A, 4819368 (FODOR) 11 April 1989, see abstract ---	1
A	US, A, 4142320 (MARCOLINA ET AL.) 6 March 1979, see abstract ---	1

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"X" document of particular relevance, the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step

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"&" document member of the same patent family

IV. CERTIFICATION

Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search Date of Mailing of this International Search Report

25th January 1993

27-01-1993

International Searching Authority

Signature of Authorized Officer

SWEDISH PATENT OFFICE

Ulrika Öhman

III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		(CONTINUED FROM THE SECOND SHEET)
Category	Citation of Document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to Claim No
A	US, A, 4231180 (BARE) 4 November 1980, see abstract — —	1

**ANNEX TO THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
ON INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO.PCT/DK 92/00294**

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report.
The members are as contained in the Swedish Patent Office EDP file on **08/01/93**
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Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US-A- 4766692	88-08-30	NONE	
US-A- 4583317	86-04-22	NONE	
US-A- 4030230	77-06-21	CA-A- 1036355	78-08-15
US-A- 4819368	89-04-11	NONE	
US-A- 4142320	79-03-06	NONE	
US-A- 4231180	80-11-04	NONE	